

Harvard School of Engineering and Applied Sciences — CS 152: Programming Languages
Type Inference; Parametric Polymorphism; Records and Subtyping
Section and Practice Problems

Mar 24-25, 2016

1 Type Inference

(a) Recall the constraint-based typing judgment $\Gamma \vdash e : \tau \triangleright C$. Give inference rules for products and sums. That is, for the following expressions.

- (e_1, e_2)
- $\#1 e$
- $\#2 e$
- $\text{inl}_{\tau_1 + \tau_2} e$
- $\text{inr}_{\tau_1 + \tau_2} e$
- $\text{case } e_1 \text{ of } e_2 \mid e_3$

(b) Determine a set of constraints C and type τ such that

$$\vdash \lambda x : A. \lambda y : B. (\#1 y) + (x (\#2 y)) + (x 2) : \tau \triangleright C$$

and give the derivation for it.

(c) Recall the unification algorithm from Lecture 14. What is the result of $\text{unify}(C)$ for the set of constraints C from Question 1(b) above?

2 Parametric polymorphism

(a) For each of the following System F expressions, is the expression well-typed, and if so, what type does it have? (If you are unsure, try to construct a typing derivation. Make sure you understand the typing rules.)

- $\Lambda A. \lambda x : A \rightarrow \text{int}. 42$
- $\lambda y : \forall X. X \rightarrow X. (y [\text{int}]) 17$
- $\Lambda Y. \Lambda Z. \lambda f : Y \rightarrow Z. \lambda a : Y. f a$
- $\Lambda A. \Lambda B. \Lambda C. \lambda f : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C. \lambda b : B. \lambda a : A. f a b$

(b) For each of the following types, write an expression with that type.

- $\forall X. X \rightarrow (X \rightarrow X)$
- $(\forall C. \forall D. C \rightarrow D) \rightarrow (\forall E. \text{int} \rightarrow E)$
- $\forall X. X \rightarrow (\forall Y. Y \rightarrow X)$

3 Records and Subtyping

(a) Assume that we have a language with references and records.

(i) Write an expression with type

$$\{ \text{cell} : \mathbf{int\ ref}, \text{inc} : \mathbf{unit} \rightarrow \mathbf{int} \}$$

such that invoking the function in the field *inc* will increment the contents of the reference in the field *cell*.

(ii) Assuming that the variable *y* is bound to your expression, write an expression that increments the contents of the cell twice.

(b) The following expression is well-typed (with type **int**). Show its typing derivation. (Note: you will need to use the subsumption rule.)

$$(\lambda x : \{ \text{dogs} : \mathbf{int}, \text{cats} : \mathbf{int} \}. x.\text{dogs} + x.\text{cats}) \{ \text{dogs} = 2, \text{cats} = 7, \text{mice} = 19 \}$$